# SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# SENATE BILL NO. 569

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2012

4738S.06T

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.1860, 67.1862, 67.1864, 67.1866, 67.1868, 67.1870, 67.1872, 67.1874, 67.1878, 67.1880, 67.1886, 67.1888, 67.1894, 67.1890, 67.1892, 67.1896, 67.1898, 78.090, 79.070, 99.845, 115.091, 115.123, 115.241, and 115.637, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nineteen new sections relating to elections, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.1860, 67.1862, 67.1864, 67.1866, 67.1868, 67.1870,

- 2 67.1872, 67.1874, 67.1878, 67.1880, 67.1886, 67.1888, 67.1894, 67.1890, 67.1892,
- 3 67.1896, 67.1898, 78.090, 79.070, 99.845, 115.091, 115.123, 115.241, and 115.637,
- 4 RSMo, are repealed and nineteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 5 known as sections 67.1860, 67.1862, 67.1864, 67.1866, 67.1868, 67.1870, 67.1872,
- 6 67.1874, 67.1878, 67.1880, 67.1886, 67.1888, 67.1894, 78.090, 79.070, 99.845,
- 7 115.091, 115.123, and 115.637, to read as follows:

67.1860. Sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] **67.1894** shall be known as the

- 2 "Missouri Law Enforcement District Act".
  - 67.1862. As used in sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] **67.1894**, the following
- 2 terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Approval of the required majority" or "direct voter approval", a simple
- 4 majority;
- 5 (2) "Board", the board of directors of a district;

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 6 (3) "District", a law enforcement district organized [pursuant to] under 7 sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] 67.1894;
- 8 (4) "Registered voter", any voter registered within the boundaries 9 of the district or proposed district.
- 67.1864. 1. A district may be created to fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain and operate one or more projects relating to law and enforcement or to assist in such activity.
- 4 2. A district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 5 3. A district may be created in any county of the first classification 6 [without a charter form of government and a population of fifty thousand 7 inhabitants or less].
- 67.1866. 1. Whenever the creation of a district is desired, ten percent of the registered voters within the proposed district may file a petition requesting the creation of a district. The petition shall be filed in the circuit court of the county in which the proposed district is located.
- 2. The proposed district area shall be contiguous and may contain any portion of one or more municipalities. Two areas may be considered contiguous if both are adjacent to the shoreline of the same body of water.
- 9 3. The petition shall set forth:
- 10 (1) The name and address of each owner of real property located within 11 the proposed district [or who is a] and each registered voter [resident] within 12 the proposed district;
- 13 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries including a 14 map illustrating such boundaries;
- 15 (3) A general description of the purpose or purposes for which the district 16 is being formed; and
- 17 (4) The name of the proposed district.
- 4. The circuit clerk of the county in which the petition is filed [pursuant 18 tol under this section shall present the petition to the judge, who shall 19 20 thereupon set the petition for hearing not less than thirty days nor more than forty days after the filing. The judge shall cause notice of the time and place of 2122the hearing to be given, by publication on three separate days in one or more 23newspapers having a general circulation within the county, with the third and final publication to occur not less than twenty days prior to the date set for the 24hearing. The notice shall recite the information required [pursuant to] under 25

subsection 3 of this section. The costs of printing and publication of the notice shall be paid as required [pursuant to] under section 67.1870.

- 28 5. In the event any owner of real property within the proposed district who is named in the petition or any registered voter does not 29 join in the petition or file an entry of appearance and waiver of service 30 of process in the case, a copy of the petition shall be served upon such 31 owner or registered voter in the manner provided by supreme court 32rule for the service of petitions generally. Any objections to the 33 petition shall be raised by answer within the time provided by supreme 34 court rule for the filing of an answer to a petition. 35
- 67.1868. 1. Any owner of real property within the proposed district and any [legal] registered voter [who is a resident] within the proposed district may join in or file a petition supporting or answer opposing the creation of the district and seeking a judgment respecting these same issues.
- 2. The court shall hear the case without a jury. If the court determines the petition is defective or the proposed district or its plan of operation is unconstitutional, it shall enter its judgment to that effect and shall refuse to incorporate the district as requested in the pleadings. If the court determines the petition is not legally defective and the proposed district and plan of operation are not unconstitutional, the court shall [determine and declare] order the district organized and incorporated and shall approve the plan of operation stated in the petition.
- 3. Any party having filed a petition or answer to a petition may appeal the circuit court's order or judgment in the same manner as provided for other appeals. Any order either refusing to incorporate the district or incorporating the district shall be a final judgment for purposes of appeal.
  - 67.1870. The costs of filing and defending the petition and all publication and incidental costs incurred in obtaining circuit court certification of the petition for voter approval shall be paid by the petitioners. If a district is organized [pursuant to] under sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] 67.1894, the petitioners may be reimbursed for such costs out of the revenues received by the district.
  - 67.1872. A district created [pursuant to] **under** sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] **67.1894** shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of five members to be elected as provided in section 67.1874.
  - 67.1874. 1. Within thirty days after the order declaring the district organized has become final, the circuit clerk of the county in which the petition

of the district.

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- was filed shall give notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property and registered voters [resident] within the district at a day and hour specified in a public place in the county in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing a board of five directors, two to serve one year, two to serve two years, and one to serve three years, to be composed of [residents] registered voters
- 12 2. The attendees, when assembled, shall organize by [the election of]
  13 electing a chairman and secretary of the meeting [who]. The secretary shall
  14 conduct the election.
- 15 3. Upon completion of the terms of the initial directors under subsection 1 of this section, each director shall serve for a term of three years 16 and until such director's successor is duly elected and qualified. Successor 17directors shall be elected in the same manner as the initial directors at a meeting 18 of the [residents] registered voters called by the board. [Each successor 19 director shall serve a three-year term.] The remaining directors shall have the 20authority to elect an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director 2122caused by resignation or disqualification.
  - 4. Directors shall be at least twenty-one years of age.
  - 67.1878. A district may receive and use funds for the purposes of planning, designing, constructing, reconstructing, maintaining and operating one or more projects relating to law enforcement. Such funds may be derived from any funding method which is authorized by sections 67.1860 to [67.1898] 67.1894 and from any other source, including but not limited to funds from federal sources, the state of Missouri or an agency of the state, a political subdivision of the state or private sources.
  - 67.1880. 1. If approved by at least four-sevenths of the [qualified] registered voters voting on the question in the district, the district may impose a property tax in an amount not to exceed the annual rate of thirty cents on the hundred dollars assessed valuation. The district board may levy a property tax rate lower than its approved tax rate ceiling and may increase that lowered tax rate to a level not exceeding the tax rate ceiling approved by the voters without new voter approval. The property tax shall be uniform throughout the district.

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2. The ballot of submission shall be substantially in the following form:

Shall the ....... Law Enforcement District impose a property tax upon all

real and tangible personal property within the district at a rate of not more than

....... (insert amount) cents per hundred dollars assessed valuation for the

purpose of providing revenue for the development of a project (or projects) in the

15  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

district (insert general description of the project or projects, if necessary)?

18 If four-sevenths of the votes cast on the question by the registered 19 voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after 20 the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local 2122sales tax. If less than four-sevenths of the votes cast on the question by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then 23the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is 24resubmitted under this section to the registered voters and such 25question is approved by the requisite four-sevenths of the registered  $^{26}$ 27voters voting on the question. In no event shall a proposal under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 2829 date of the last proposal submitted under this section.

- 3. The county collector of each county in which the district is partially or entirely located shall collect the property taxes and special benefit assessments made upon all real property and tangible personal property within that county and the district, in the same manner as other property taxes are collected.
- 34 4. Every county collector having collected or received district property 35 taxes shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month and after deducting his or her commissions, remit to the treasurer of that district the amount collected 36 or received by him or her prior to the first day of the month. Upon receipt of such 37 money, the district treasurer shall execute a receipt therefor, which he or she 38 shall forward or deliver to the collector. The district treasurer shall deposit such 39 sums into the district treasury, credited to the appropriate project or 40 41 purpose. The collector and district treasurer shall make final settlement of the 42 district account and commissions owing, not less than once each year, if 43 necessary.

67.1886. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.1860 to

- 2 [67.1898] **67.1894** the district shall have the following general powers:
- 3 (1) To contract with the [local] **county** sheriff's department for the 4 provision of services;
- 5 (2) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process,
- 6 which shall be served upon the district secretary;
  - (3) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;
- 8 (4) To purchase any personal property necessary or convenient for its 9 activities;
- 10 (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities; and
- 11 (6) To exercise such other implied powers necessary or convenient for the
- 12 district to accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express
- 13 powers.

- 67.1888. 1. The district may obtain such insurance as it deems 2 appropriate, considering its legal limits of liability, to protect itself, its officers
- 3 and its employees from any potential liability and may also obtain such other
- 4 types of insurance as it deems necessary to protect against loss of its real or
- 5 personal property of any kind. The cost of this insurance shall be charged
- 6 against the project.
- 7 2. The district may also require contractors performing construction or 8 maintenance work on the project and companies providing operational and
- 9 management services to obtain liability insurance having the district, its directors
- 10 and employees as additional named insureds.
- 11 3. The district may self-insure if it is unable to obtain liability
- 12 insurance coverage at a rate which is economically feasible to the
- 13 district, considering its resources. However, the district shall not attempt
- 14 to self-insure for its potential liabilities unless it finds that it has sufficient funds
- 15 available to cover any anticipated judgments or settlements and still complete its
- 16 project without interruption. [The district may self-insure if it is unable to obtain
- 17 liability insurance coverage at a rate which is economically feasible to the
- 18 district, considering its resources.]
  - 67.1894. [1. The authority of the district to levy any property tax levied
  - 2 pursuant to section 67.1880 may be terminated by a petition of the voters in the
- 3 district in the manner prescribed in this section.
- 4 2. The petition for termination of authority to tax may be changed as
- 5 follows:
- 6 (1) Twenty-five percent of the number of voters who voted in the most

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recent gubernatorial election in the district may file with the board a petition in writing praying that the district's authority to impose a property tax be terminated. The petition shall specifically state that the district's authority to impose any property tax, whether or not such a tax is being imposed at the time such petition is filed, shall be terminated. Such petition shall be in substantially

the form set forth for petitions in chapter 116; or

- 13 (2) All of the owners of real estate in the district may file a petition with 14 the board praying that the district's authority to impose a property tax be 15 terminated. The petition shall specifically state that the district's authority to impose any property tax, whether or not such a tax is being imposed at the time 16 such petition is filed, shall be terminated. Such petition shall be in substantially 17 the form set forth for petitions in chapter 116. The petition shall describe the 18 property owned by the petitioners and shall be deemed to give assent of the 19 20 petitioners to the petition.
  - 3. The secretary of the board shall cause notice of the filing of any petition filed pursuant to this section to be given and published in the county in which the property is located, which notice shall recite the filing of such petition, the number of petitioners and the prayer of the petitioners; giving notice to all persons interested to appear at the office of the board at the time named in the notice and show cause in writing, if any they have, why the petition should not be granted. The board shall at the time and place mentioned, or at such time or times to which the hearing may be adjourned, proceed to hear the petition and all objections thereto presented in writing by any person showing cause why the petition should not be granted.
- 4. If the board deems it for the best interest of the district, it shall grant 31 the petition. If the petition is granted, the board shall make an order to that 32effect and file the petition with the circuit clerk. If the petition contains the 33 signatures of all the owners of the property pursuant to the provisions of 34 subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, the authority to tax shall be 35 36 terminated upon the order of the court. If the petition contains the signatures of twenty-five percent of the number of voters who voted in the most recent 3738 gubernatorial election in the district pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 2 39 of this section, the authority to tax shall be terminated subject to the election 40 provided in section 67.1896. The circuit court having jurisdiction over the district shall proceed to make any such order terminating such taxation authority as is 41 provided in the order of the board, unless the court shall find that such order of 42

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43 the board was not authorized by law or that such order of the board was not 44 supported by competent and substantial evidence.

- 5. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the board made pursuant to the provisions of this section may appeal that decision to the circuit court of the county in which the property is located within thirty days of the decision by the board Whenever the district board receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the district equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the district, calling for an election to repeal the tax imposed under section 67.1880, the board shall submit to the voters of the district a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax authorized in section 67.1880 shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the registered voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the registered voters voting on the question.
- 78.090. 1. Candidates to be voted for at all general municipal elections at which a mayor and councilmen are to be elected under the provisions of sections 78.010 to [78.420] 78.400 shall be nominated by a primary election, except as provided in this section, and no other names shall be placed upon the general ballot except those selected in the manner herein prescribed. The primary election for such nomination shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in February preceding the municipal election.
  - 2. (1) In lieu of conducting a primary election under this section, any city organized under sections 78.010 to 78.400 may, by order or ordinance, provide for the elimination of the primary election and the conduct of elections for mayor and councilman as provided in this subsection.
- (2) Any person desiring to become a candidate for mayor or councilman shall file with the city clerk a signed statement of such candidacy, stating whether such person is a resident of the city and a qualified voter of the city, that the person desires to be a candidate for nomination to the office of mayor or councilman to be voted upon at

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the next municipal election for such office, that the person is eligible 18 19 for such office, that the person requests to be placed on the ballot, and that such person will serve if elected. Such statement shall be sworn 20 to or affirmed before the city clerk. 21

(3) Under the requirements of section 115.023, the city clerk shall 2223 notify the requisite election authority who shall cause the official ballots to be printed, and the names of the candidates shall appear on the ballots in the order that their statements of candidacy were filed 25with the city clerk. Above the names of the candidates shall appear the 26 words "Vote for (number to be elected)". The ballot shall also include 27a warning that voting for more than the total number of candidates to 29 be elected to any office invalidates the ballot.

79.070. No person shall be an alderman unless he or she is at least [twenty-one] eighteen years of age, a citizen of the United States, and an inhabitant and resident of the city for one year next preceding his or her election, and a resident, at the time he or she files and during the time he or she serves, of the ward from which he or she is elected. 5

99.845. 1. A municipality, either at the time a redevelopment project is approved or, in the event a municipality has undertaken acts establishing a redevelopment plan and redevelopment project and has designated a redevelopment area after the passage and approval of sections 99.800 to 99.865 but prior to August 13, 1982, which acts are in conformance with the procedures of sections 99.800 to 99.865, may adopt tax increment allocation financing by passing an ordinance providing that after the total equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real property in a redevelopment project exceeds the certified total initial equalized assessed valuation of the taxable real property in the 10 redevelopment project, the ad valorem taxes, and payments in lieu of taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment 11 project by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in 12subsection 2 of section 99.855 each year after the effective date of the ordinance 13 until redevelopment costs have been paid shall be divided as follows: 14

(1) That portion of taxes, penalties and interest levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property which is attributable to the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid by the county collector to the respective

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20 affected taxing districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the 21 adoption of tax increment allocation financing;

- (2) (a) Payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project and any applicable penalty and interest over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each such unit of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project shall be allocated to and, when collected, shall be paid to the municipal treasurer who shall deposit such payment in lieu of taxes into a special fund called the "Special Allocation Fund" of the municipality for the purpose of paying redevelopment costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof. Payments in lieu of taxes which are due and owing shall constitute a lien against the real estate of the redevelopment project from which they are derived and shall be collected in the same manner as the real property tax, including the assessment of penalties and interest where applicable. The municipality may, in the ordinance, pledge the funds in the special allocation fund for the payment of such costs and obligations and provide for the collection of payments in lieu of taxes, the lien of which may be foreclosed in the same manner as a special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861. No part of the current equalized assessed valuation of each lot, block, tract, or parcel of property in the area selected for the redevelopment project attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized assessed value of such properties shall be used in calculating the general state school aid formula provided for in section 163.031 until such time as all redevelopment costs have been paid as provided for in this section and section 99.850;
- (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, for purposes of determining the limitation on indebtedness of local government pursuant to article VI, section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution, the current equalized assessed value of the property in an area selected for redevelopment attributable to the increase above the total initial equalized assessed valuation shall be included in the value of taxable tangible property as shown on the last completed assessment for state or county purposes;
- (c) The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all property within the taxing district in the aggregate valuation of assessed property entered upon the assessor's book and verified pursuant to section 137.245, and such value shall be utilized for the purpose of the debt limitation on local

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government pursuant to article VI, section 26(b) of the Missouri Constitution; 56

- (3) For purposes of this section, "levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment project by taxing districts" shall not include the blind pension fund tax levied under the authority of article III, section 38(b) of the Missouri Constitution, or the merchants' and manufacturers' inventory replacement tax levied under the authority of subsection 2 of section 6 of article X of the Missouri Constitution, except in redevelopment project areas in which tax increment financing has been adopted by ordinance pursuant to a plan approved by vote of the governing body of the municipality taken after August 13, 1982, and before January 1, 1998.
- 2. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after July 12, 1990, and prior to August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest imposed by the municipality, or other taxing districts, which are generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, licenses, fees or special assessments other than payments in lieu of taxes and any penalty and interest thereon, or, effective January 1, 1998, taxes levied pursuant to section 94.660, for the purpose of public transportation, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund. Any provision of an agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of other municipal revenues to the special allocation fund shall be and remain enforceable.
- 3. In addition to the payments in lieu of taxes described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or 88 redevelopment projects approved by ordinance after August 31, 1991, fifty percent of the total additional revenue from taxes, penalties and interest which are imposed by the municipality or other taxing districts, and which are generated

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by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project over the 93 amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within the area of the redevelopment project in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the 94 95 redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges 96 for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, taxes levied pursuant to section 70.500, taxes levied for the purpose of public transportation pursuant to section 94.660, licenses, fees or special assessments other than 100 payments in lieu of taxes and penalties and interest thereon, or any sales tax imposed by a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, for the purpose of sports stadium improvement or levied by such county under 103 section 238.410 for the purpose of the county transit authority 104 operating transportation facilities, shall be allocated to, and paid by the local political subdivision collecting officer to the treasurer or other designated 106 financial officer of the municipality, who shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund.

- 4. Beginning January 1, 1998, for redevelopment plans and projects adopted or redevelopment projects approved by ordinance and which have complied with subsections 4 to 12 of this section, in addition to the payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes described in subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, up to fifty percent of the new state revenues, as defined in subsection 8 of this section, estimated for the businesses within the project area and identified by the municipality in the application required by subsection 10 of this section, over and above the amount of such taxes reported by businesses within the project area as identified by the municipality in their application prior to the approval of the redevelopment project by ordinance, while tax increment financing remains in effect, may be available for appropriation by the general assembly as provided in subsection 10 of this section to the department of economic development supplemental tax increment financing fund, from the general revenue fund, for distribution to the treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality with approved plans or projects.
  - 5. The treasurer or other designated financial officer of the municipality with approved plans or projects shall deposit such funds in a separate segregated account within the special allocation fund established pursuant to section 99.805.
- 127 6. No transfer from the general revenue fund to the Missouri

supplemental tax increment financing fund shall be made unless an appropriation is made from the general revenue fund for that purpose. No municipality shall commit any state revenues prior to an appropriation being made for that project. For all redevelopment plans or projects adopted or approved after December 23, 1997, appropriations from the new state revenues shall not be distributed from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund into the special allocation fund unless the municipality's redevelopment plan ensures that one hundred percent of payments in lieu of taxes and fifty percent of economic activity taxes generated by the project shall be used for eligible redevelopment project costs while tax increment financing remains in effect. This account shall be separate from the account into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited, and separate from the account into which economic activity taxes are deposited. 

- 7. In order for the redevelopment plan or project to be eligible to receive the revenue described in subsection 4 of this section, the municipality shall comply with the requirements of subsection 10 of this section prior to the time the project or plan is adopted or approved by ordinance. The director of the department of economic development and the commissioner of the office of administration may waive the requirement that the municipality's application be submitted prior to the redevelopment plan's or project's adoption or the redevelopment plan's or project's approval by ordinance.
  - 8. For purposes of this section, "new state revenues" means:
- (1) The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues received pursuant to section 144.020, excluding sales taxes that are constitutionally dedicated, taxes deposited to the school district trust fund in accordance with section 144.701, sales and use taxes on motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors and future sales taxes earmarked by law. In no event shall the incremental increase include any amounts attributable to retail sales unless the municipality or authority has proven to the Missouri development finance board and the department of economic development and such entities have made a finding that the sales tax increment attributable to retail sales is from new sources which did not exist in the state during the baseline year. The incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues for an existing or relocated facility shall be the amount that current state sales tax revenue exceeds the state sales tax revenue in the base year as stated in the redevelopment plan as provided in subsection 10 of this section; or
  - (2) The state income tax withheld on behalf of new employees by the

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- employer pursuant to section 143.221 at the business located within the project as identified by the municipality. The state income tax withholding allowed by this section shall be the municipality's estimate of the amount of state income tax withheld by the employer within the redevelopment area for new employees who fill new jobs directly created by the tax increment financing project.
- 9. Subsection 4 of this section shall apply only to blighted areas located in enterprise zones, pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, blighted areas located in federal empowerment zones, or to blighted areas located in central business districts or urban core areas of cities which districts or urban core areas at the time of approval of the project by ordinance, provided that the enterprise zones, federal empowerment zones or blighted areas contained one or more buildings at least fifty years old; and
  - (1) Suffered from generally declining population or property taxes over the twenty-year period immediately preceding the area's designation as a project area by ordinance; or
  - (2) Was a historic hotel located in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population according to the most recent federal decennial census in excess of one hundred fifty thousand and containing a portion of a city with a population according to the most recent federal decennial census in excess of three hundred fifty thousand.
  - 10. The initial appropriation of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues authorized pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of this section shall not be made to or distributed by the department of economic development to a municipality until all of the following conditions have been satisfied:
  - (1) The director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee have approved a tax increment financing application made by the municipality for the appropriation of the new state revenues. The municipality shall include in the application the following items in addition to the items in section 99.810:
- 194 (a) The tax increment financing district or redevelopment area, including 195 the businesses identified within the redevelopment area;
- 196 (b) The base year of state sales tax revenues or the base year of state 197 income tax withheld on behalf of existing employees, reported by existing 198 businesses within the project area prior to approval of the redevelopment project;
- 199 (c) The estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue

- portion of state sales tax revenue or the estimate for the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees expected to fill new jobs created within the redevelopment area after redevelopment;
- 203 (d) The official statement of any bond issue pursuant to this subsection 204 after December 23, 1997;
- (e) An affidavit that is signed by the developer or developers attesting that the provisions of subdivision (1) of **subsection 1 of** section 99.810 have been met and specifying that the redevelopment area would not be reasonably anticipated to be developed without the appropriation of the new state revenues;
- 209 (f) The cost-benefit analysis required by section 99.810 includes a study 210 of the fiscal impact on the state of Missouri; and
- 211 (g) The statement of election between the use of the incremental increase 212 of the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income 213 tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created 214 in the redevelopment area;
- 215 (h) The name, street and mailing address, and phone number of the mayor 216 or chief executive officer of the municipality;
- 217 (i) The street address of the development site;
- 218 (j) The three-digit North American Industry Classification System number 219 or numbers characterizing the development project;
- 220 (k) The estimated development project costs;
- (1) The anticipated sources of funds to pay such development project costs;
- 222 (m) Evidence of the commitments to finance such development project 223 costs;
- 224 (n) The anticipated type and term of the sources of funds to pay such development project costs;
  - (o) The anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued;
- 227 (p) The most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property within 228 the development project area;
- 229 (q) An estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after the 230 development project area is developed in accordance with a development plan;
- (r) The general land uses to apply in the development area;
- 232 (s) The total number of individuals employed in the development area, 233 broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
- 234 (t) The total number of full-time equivalent positions in the development 235 area;

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- 236 (u) The current gross wages, state income tax withholdings, and federal 237 income tax withholdings for individuals employed in the development area;
- (v) The total number of individuals employed in this state by the corporate parent of any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area, and all subsidiaries thereof, as of December thirty-first of the prior fiscal year, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
- 242 (w) The number of new jobs to be created by any business benefitting from 243 public expenditures in the development area, broken down by full-time, part-time, 244 and temporary positions;
  - (x) The average hourly wage to be paid to all current and new employees at the project site, broken down by full-time, part-time, and temporary positions;
  - (y) For project sites located in a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, the average hourly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in this state for the industries involved at the project, as established by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics;
- 251 (z) For project sites located outside of metropolitan statistical areas, the 252 average weekly wage paid to nonmanagerial employees in the county for 253 industries involved at the project, as established by the United States 254 Department of Commerce;
  - (aa) A list of other community and economic benefits to result from the project;
- (bb) A list of all development subsidies that any business benefitting from public expenditures in the development area has previously received for the project, and the name of any other granting body from which such subsidies are sought;
- 261 (cc) A list of all other public investments made or to be made by this state 262 or units of local government to support infrastructure or other needs generated 263 by the project for which the funding pursuant to this section is being sought;
- (dd) A statement as to whether the development project may reduce employment at any other site, within or without the state, resulting from automation, merger, acquisition, corporate restructuring, relocation, or other business activity;
- 268 (ee) A statement as to whether or not the project involves the relocation 269 of work from another address and if so, the number of jobs to be relocated and the 270 address from which they are to be relocated;
- 271 (ff) A list of competing businesses in the county containing the

- 272 development area and in each contiguous county;
- 273 (gg) A market study for the development area;
- (hh) A certification by the chief officer of the applicant as to the accuracy of the development plan;
  - (2) The methodologies used in the application for determining the base year and determining the estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of the state sales tax revenues or the state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area shall be approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. Upon approval of the application, the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee shall issue a certificate of approval. The department of economic development may request the appropriation following application approval;
  - (3) The appropriation shall be either a portion of the estimate of the incremental increase in the general revenue portion of state sales tax revenues in the redevelopment area or a portion of the estimate of the state income tax withheld by the employer on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area as indicated in the municipality's application, approved by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee. At no time shall the annual amount of the new state revenues approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund exceed thirty-two million dollars;
  - (4) Redevelopment plans and projects receiving new state revenues shall have a duration of up to fifteen years, unless prior approval for a longer term is given by the director of the department of economic development or his or her designee and the commissioner of the office of administration or his or her designee; except that, in no case shall the duration exceed twenty-three years.
- 11. In addition to the areas authorized in subsection 9 of this section, the funding authorized pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall also be available in a federally approved levee district, where construction of a levee begins after December 23, 1997, and which is contained within a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population between fifty thousand and one hundred thousand inhabitants which contains all or part

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308 of a city with a population in excess of four hundred thousand or more 309 inhabitants.

- 12. There is hereby established within the state treasury a special fund 310 311 to be known as the "Missouri Supplemental Tax Increment Financing Fund", to be administered by the department of economic development. The department 312313 shall annually distribute from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund the amount of the new state revenues as appropriated as provided in the 314 provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of this section if and only if the conditions of 315 316 subsection 10 of this section are met. The fund shall also consist of any gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other 317318 sources. Moneys in the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund shall 319 be disbursed per project pursuant to state appropriations.
  - 13. Redevelopment project costs may include, at the prerogative of the state, the portion of salaries and expenses of the department of economic development and the department of revenue reasonably allocable to each redevelopment project approved for disbursements from the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund for the ongoing administrative functions associated with such redevelopment project. Such amounts shall be recovered from new state revenues deposited into the Missouri supplemental tax increment financing fund created under this section.
  - 14. For redevelopment plans or projects approved by ordinance that result in net new jobs from the relocation of a national headquarters from another state to the area of the redevelopment project, the economic activity taxes and new state tax revenues shall not be based on a calculation of the incremental increase in taxes as compared to the base year or prior calendar year for such redevelopment project, rather the incremental increase shall be the amount of total taxes generated from the net new jobs brought in by the national headquarters from another state. In no event shall this subsection be construed to allow a redevelopment project to receive an appropriation in excess of up to fifty percent of the new state revenues.

115.091. On commissioning or before entering upon his duties, each election judge shall take and subscribe the following oath:

I solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States and of this state, that I will impartially discharge the duties of judge according to law[,] to the best of my ability, and that I will not disclose how any voter has voted unless I am required to do so as a witness in a

7	proper judicial proceeding. I also affirm that I will not allow any person to vote
8	who is not entitled to vote and that I will make no statement nor give any
9	information of any kind tending in any way to show the state of the count prior
10	to the close of the polls on election day.
11	Sworn and subscribed to before
12	me thisday of, 20
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14	Judge of Election
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16	Election Authority (Judge of Election)
17	witnessing oath
	115.123. 1. All public elections shall be held on Tuesday. Except as
2	provided in subsections 2[,] and 3[, and 4] of this section, and section 247.180,
3	all public elections shall be held on the general election day, the primary election
4	day, the general municipal election day, the first Tuesday after the first Monday
5	in [February or] November, or on another day expressly provided by city or
6	county charter, [the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June] and in
7	nonprimary years on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in August. Bond
8	elections may be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
9	February but no other issue shall be included on the ballot for such
10	election.
11	2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, an
12	election for a presidential primary held pursuant to sections 115.755 to 115.785
13	shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in [March] February
14	of each presidential election year.
15	3. The following elections shall be exempt from the provisions of
16	subsection 1 of this section:
17	(1) Bond elections necessitated by fire, vandalism or natural disaster;
18	(2) Elections for which ownership of real property is required by law for
19	voting; [and]
20	(3) Special elections to fill vacancies and to decide tie votes or election
21	contests; and
22	(4) Tax elections necessitated by a financial hardship due to a
23	five percent or greater decline in per-pupil state revenue to a school

4. [No city or county shall adopt a charter or charter amendment which

24 district from the previous year.

- 26 calls for elections to be held on dates other than those established in subsection 27 1 of this section.
- 5.] Nothing in this section prohibits a charter city or county from having 28 29 its primary election in March if the charter provided for a March primary before
- August 28, 1999. 30

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- 31 [6.] 5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit elections held pursuant to 32 section 65.600, but no other issues shall be on the March ballot except pursuant 33 to this chapter.
- 115.637. The following offenses, and any others specifically so described by law, shall be class four election offenses and are deemed misdemeanors not connected with the exercise of the right of suffrage. Conviction for any of these offenses shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than one year or by a fine of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars or by both such 6 imprisonment and fine:
- 7 (1) Stealing or willfully concealing, defacing, mutilating, or destroying any sample ballots that may be furnished by an organization or individual at or near 8 any voting place on election day, except that this subdivision shall not be 9 construed so as to interfere with the right of an individual voter to erase or cause 10 to be erased on a sample ballot the name of any candidate and substituting the 11 12 name of the person for whom he intends to vote; or to dispose of the received 13 sample ballot;
  - (2) Printing, circulating, or causing to be printed or circulated, any false and fraudulent sample ballots which appear on their face to be designed as a fraud upon voters;
- (3) Purposefully giving a printed or written sample ballot to any qualified 17 voter which is intended to mislead the voter; 18
- (4) On the part of any candidate for election to any office of honor, trust, 20 or profit, offering or promising to discharge the duties of such office for a less sum than the salary, fees, or emoluments as fixed by law or promising to pay back or donate to any public or private interest any portion of such salary, fees, or emolument as an inducement to voters;
- (5) On the part of any canvasser appointed to canvass any registration list, willfully failing to appear, refusing to continue, or abandoning such canvass 26 or willfully neglecting to perform his duties in making such canvass or willfully neglecting any duties lawfully assigned to him;
- 28 (6) On the part of any employer, making, enforcing, or attempting to

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29 enforce any order, rule, or regulation or adopting any other device or method to 30 prevent an employee from engaging in political activities, accepting candidacy for nomination to, election to, or the holding of, political office, holding a position as 31 32a member of a political committee, soliciting or receiving funds for political 33 purpose, acting as chairman or participating in a political convention, assuming 34 the conduct of any political campaign, signing, or subscribing his name to any 35 initiative, referendum, or recall petition, or any other petition circulated pursuant 36 to law;

- (7) On the part of any person authorized or employed to print official ballots, or any person employed in printing ballots, giving, delivering, or knowingly permitting to be taken any ballot to or by any person other than the official under whose direction the ballots are being printed, any ballot in any form other than that prescribed by law, or with unauthorized names, with names misspelled, or with the names of candidates arranged in any way other than that authorized by law;
- (8) On the part of any election authority or official charged by law with the duty of distributing the printed ballots, or any person acting on his behalf, knowingly distributing or causing to be distributed any ballot in any manner other than that prescribed by law;
- (9) Any person having in his possession any official ballot, except in the performance of his duty as an election authority or official, or in the act of exercising his individual voting privilege;
- 51 (10) Willfully mutilating, defacing, or altering any ballot before it is 52delivered to a voter;
- (11) On the part of any election judge, willfully absenting himself from 53 the polls on election day without good cause or willfully detaining any election 54material or equipment and not causing it to be produced at the voting place at 56 the opening of the polls or within fifteen minutes thereafter;
- 57(12) On the part of any election authority or official, willfully neglecting, refusing, or omitting to perform any duty required of him by law with respect to 58 59 holding and conducting an election, receiving and counting out the ballots, or 60 making proper returns;
  - (13) On the part of any election judge, or party watcher or challenger, furnishing any information tending in any way to show the state of the count to any other person prior to the closing of the polls;
    - (14) On the part of any voter, except as otherwise provided by law,

- allowing his ballot to be seen by any person with the intent of letting it be known how he is about to vote or has voted, or knowingly making a false statement as
- 67 to his inability to mark his ballot;
- 68 (15) On the part of any election judge, disclosing to any person the name 69 of any candidate for whom a voter has voted;
- 70 (16) Interfering, or attempting to interfere, with any voter inside a polling 71 place;
  - (17) On the part of any person at any registration site, polling place, counting location or verification location, causing any breach of the peace or engaging in disorderly conduct, violence, or threats of violence whereby such registration, election, count or verification is impeded or interfered with;
  - (18) Exit polling, surveying, sampling, electioneering, distributing election literature, posting signs or placing vehicles bearing signs with respect to any candidate or question to be voted on at an election on election day inside the building in which a polling place is located or within twenty-five feet of the building's outer door closest to the polling place, or, on the part of any person, refusing to remove or permit removal from property owned or controlled by him, any such election sign or literature located within such distance on such day after request for removal by any person;
  - (19) Stealing or willfully defacing, mutilating, or destroying any campaign yard sign on private property, except that this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any private property owner to take any action with regard to campaign yard signs on the owner's property and this subdivision shall not be construed to interfere with the right of any candidate, or the candidate's designee, to remove the candidate's campaign yard sign from the owner's private property after the election day;
  - (20) On the part of any election authority or political subdivision, or an employee thereof who is responsible for the oversight of the filing of candidates, discouraging, hampering, pressuring, or attempting to prevent another person from filing for public office for the purpose of eliminating the requirement to hold an election because the number of candidates filing is the same as the number of positions to be filled under section 115.124.
  - [67.1890. 1. The boundaries of any district organized pursuant to sections 67.1860 to 67.1898 may be changed in the manner prescribed in this section; but any change of boundaries of

 the district shall not impair or affect its organization or its rights in or to property, or any of its rights or privileges whatsoever; nor shall it affect or impair or discharge any contract, obligation, lien or charge for or upon which it might be liable or chargeable had any change of boundaries not been made.

- 2. The boundaries may be changed as follows:
- (1) Twenty-five percent of the number of voters who voted in the most recent gubernatorial election in the area to be annexed or deannexed may file with the board a petition in writing praying that such real property be included within, or removed from, the district. The petition shall describe the property to be included in, or removed from, the district and shall describe the property owned by the petitioners and shall be deemed to give assent of the petitioners to the inclusion in, or removal from, the district of the property described in the petition. Such petition shall be in substantially the form set forth for petitions in chapter 116; provided that, in the event that there are more than twenty-five property owners or taxpaying electors signing the petition, it shall be deemed sufficient description of their property in the petition as required in this section to list the addresses of such property; or
- (2) All of the owners of any territory or tract of land near or adjacent to a district in the case of annexation, or all of the owners of any territory or tract of land within a district in the case of deannexation, who own all of the real estate in such territory or tract of land may file a petition with the board praying that such real property be included in, or removed from, the district. The petition shall describe the property owned by the petitioners and shall be deemed to give assent of the petitioners to the inclusion in, or removal from, the district of the property described in the petition.
- 3. The secretary of the board shall cause notice of the filing of any petition filed pursuant to this section to be given and published in the county in which the property is located, which notice shall recite the filing of such petition, the number of petitioners, a general description of the boundaries of the area proposed to be included or removed and the prayer of the

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petitioners; giving notice to all persons interested to appear at the office of the board at the time named in the notice and show cause in writing, if any they have, why the petition should not be granted. The board shall at the time and place mentioned, or at such time or times to which the hearing may be adjourned, proceed to hear the petition and all objections thereto presented in writing by any person showing cause why the petition should not be granted. The failure of any person interested to show cause in writing why such petition shall not be granted shall be deemed as an assent on his or her part to the inclusion of such lands in, or removal of such lands from, the district as prayed for in the petition.

4. If the board deems it for the best interest of the district, it shall grant the petition, but if the board determines in the case of annexation that some portion of the property mentioned in the petition cannot as a practical matter be served by the district, or if it deems in the case of annexation that it is in the best interest of the district that some portion of the property in the petition not be included in the district, or if in the case of deannexation it deems that it is impracticable for any portion of the property to be deannexed from the district, then the board shall grant the petition in part only. If the petition is granted, the board shall make an order to that effect and file the petition with the circuit clerk. Upon the order of the court having jurisdiction over the district, the property shall be included in, or removed from, the district. If the petition contains the signatures of all the owners of the property pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, the property shall be included in, or removed from, the district upon the order of the court. If the petition contains the signatures of twenty-five percent of the number of voters who voted in the most recent gubernatorial election in the area to be annexed or deannexed pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section, the property shall be included in, or removed from, the district subject to the election provided in section 67.1892. The circuit court having jurisdiction over the district shall proceed to make any such order including

such additional property within the district, or removing such property from the district, as is provided in the order of the board, unless the court shall find that such order of the board was not authorized by law or that such order of the board was not supported by competent and substantial evidence.

5. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the board made pursuant to the provisions of this section may appeal that decision to the circuit court of the county in which the property is located within thirty days of the decision by the board.]

[67.1892. 1. If the petition to add or remove any territory or tract of land to the district contained fewer than all of the signatures required pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 67.1890, the decree of extension or retraction of boundaries shall not become final and conclusive until it has been submitted to an election of the voters residing within the boundaries described in such decree and until it has been assented to by a majority vote of the voters in the newly included area, or the area to be removed, voting on the question. The decree shall also provide for the holding of the election to vote on the proposition of extending or retracting the boundaries of the district, and shall fix the date for holding the election.

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the boundaries of the ....... Law Enforcement District be (extended to include/retracted to remove) the following described property? (Describe property)

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

3. If a majority of the voters voting on the proposition vote in favor of the extension or retraction of the boundaries of the district, then the court shall enter its further order declaring the decree of extension or retraction of the boundaries to be final and conclusive. In the event, however, that the court finds that a majority of the voters voting thereon voted against the proposition to extend or retract the boundaries of the district, then the court shall enter its further order declaring the decree of extension or retraction of boundaries to be void and of no effect.]

[67.1896. 1. If the petition filed pursuant to section 67.1894 contained fewer than all of the signatures required pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 67.1894, the termination of taxation authority shall not become final and conclusive until it has been submitted to an election of the voters residing within the district and until it has been assented to by at least four-sevenths of the voters in the district voting on the question. The decree shall also provide for the holding of the election to vote on the proposition, and shall fix the date for holding the election.

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the authority of the ...... Law Enforcement District to adopt property taxes be terminated?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

3. If four-sevenths of the voters voting on the proposition vote in favor of such termination, then the court shall enter its further order declaring the termination of such authority, and all such taxes that are being assessed in the current calendar year pursuant to such authority, to be final and conclusive. In the event, however, that the court finds that less than four-sevenths of the voters voting thereon voted against the proposition to terminate such authority, then the court shall enter its further order declaring the decree of termination of such district's taxing authority to be void and of no effect.]

[67.1898. 1. Whenever a petition signed by not less than ten percent of the registered voters in any district organized pursuant to sections 67.1860 to 67.1898 is filed with the circuit court having jurisdiction over the district, setting forth all the relevant facts pertaining to the district, and alleging that the further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should, in the interest of the public welfare and safety, be dissolved, the circuit court shall have authority, after hearing evidence submitted on such question, to order a submission of the question, after having

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caused publication of notice of a hearing on such petition in the same manner as the notice required in section 67.1874, in substantially the following form:

Shall ...... (Insert the name of the law enforcement district) Law Enforcement District be dissolved?

#### $\square$ YES $\square$ NO

- 2. If the court shall find that it is to the best interest of the inhabitants of the district that such district be dissolved, it shall make an order reciting such finding and providing for the submission of the proposition to dissolve such district to a vote of the voters of the district, setting forth such further details in its order as may be necessary to an orderly conduct of such election. Such election shall be held at the municipal election. Returns of the election shall be certified to the court. If the court finds that a majority of the voters voting thereon shall have voted in favor of the proposition to dissolve the district, the court shall make a final order dissolving the district, and the decree shall contain a proviso that the district shall continue in full force for the purpose of paying all outstanding and lawful obligations and disposing of property of the district; but no additional costs or obligations shall be created except such as are necessary to pay such costs, obligations and liabilities previously incurred, or necessary to the winding up of the district. If the court shall find that a majority of the voters of the district voting thereon shall not have voted favorably on the proposition to dissolve such district, then the court shall make a final order declaring such result dismissing the petition praying for the dissolution of said district; and the district shall continue to operate in the same manner as though the petition asking for such dissolution has not been filed.
- 3. The dissolution of a district shall not invalidate or affect any right accruing to such district, or to any person, or invalidate or affect any contract or indebtedness entered into or imposed upon such district or person; and whenever the circuit court shall, pursuant to this section, dissolve a district, the court shall appoint some competent person to act as trustee for the district so

dissolved and such trustee before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties shall take and subscribe an oath that he or she will faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, to be approved by the court to the use of such dissolved district, for the faithful discharge of his or her duties, and shall proceed to liquidate the district under orders of the court, including the levying of any taxes provided for in sections 67.1860 to 67.1898.]

[115.241. Each party emblem shall be printed on the ballot above the party caption.]



